

The University of Texas at Arlington



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
3	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning
	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
enperiores men rusuity	Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3) Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2017 and 2018 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015, May). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



Overview

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Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- No significant difference.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

st-Year Stude	ents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest
	Higher-Order Learning	lacktriangledown	∇	∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies		∇	∇
	Quantitative Reasoning			∇
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	lacktriangledown		∇
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ		
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	•	•	•
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	lacktriangledown	∇	lacktriangledown
Campus	Quality of Interactions	lacktriangleright		∇
Environment	Supportive Environment	lacktriangledown		∇
niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ	Δ	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			V
Challenge	Learning Strategies	Δ	Δ	
	Quantitative Reasoning			V
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		V	lacksquare
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ		lacktriangledown
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	•	lacksquare	•
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	Δ



Academic Challenge

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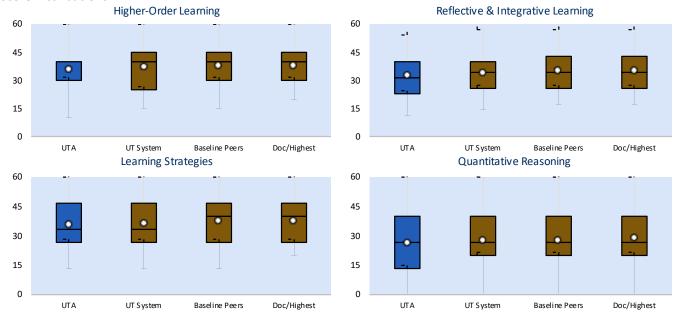
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Your first-year students compared with						
	UT System		Baseline Peers		Doc/Highest		~~~~
		Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	 Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	37.3 *	11	37.6 **	14	38.0 ***	18	•••••
Reflective & Integrative Learning	33.6	09	35.0 ***	21	35.0 ***	22	
Learning Strategies	36.2	06	37.8 **	17	37.6 **	16	
Quantitative Reasoning	27.7	09	27.5	08	28.6 **	15	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



NSSE 2018 Engagement Indicators

Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Percentage point difference between your FY students and
Higher-Order Learning UTA UT System Baseline Peers Doc/Highest

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			***************************************
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	69	-0	+1	-6
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	67	+1	-2	-4
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	65	-0	-5	-2
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	64	-2	-4	-3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	42	-6	-10	-10
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	43	-1	-8	-8
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	41	-3	-12	-10
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	62	+2	-3	-1
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	68	-1	-2	-1
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	60	-4	-6	-6
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	71	-2	-3	-7
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	66	-5	-10	-10
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	60	-2	-5	-3
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	59	+1	-4	-3
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
$\label{eq:conduction} \textbf{6a.} \ \ \textbf{Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)}$	49	-5	-2	-6
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	36	-4	-4	-5
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	36	-2	-2	-6

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

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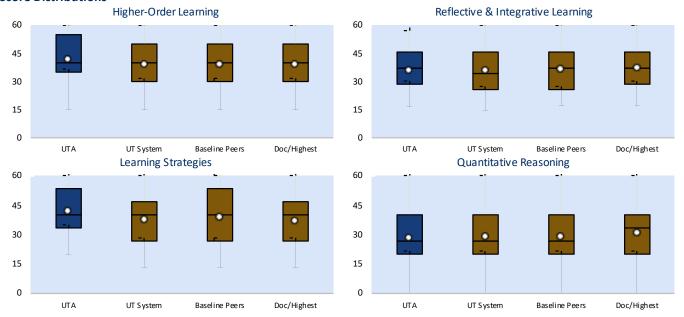
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	UT Sys	stem	Your seniors comp		Doc/H	Doc/Highest		
		Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Higher-Order Learning	39.0 ***	.18	39.0 ***	.18	38.8 ***	.20		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.8	.03	36.6	04	37.0 **	07		
Learning Strategies	37.6 ***	.29	38.9 ***	.20	37.1 ***	.32		
Quantitative Reasoning	28.7	03	29.1	05	30.6 ***	14		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



NSSE 2018 Engagement Indicators

Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage po	int difference" between yo	
Higher-Order Learning	UTA	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	79	+5	+3	+2
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	79	+6	+5	+6
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	74	+8	+6	+9
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	74	+6	+5	+7
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	51	-15	-16	-18
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	57	+4	+1	+0
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	50	+9	+3	+3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	66	+6	+4	+3
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	73	+4	+3	+2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	70	+2	+2	-0
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	81	+2	+0	-1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	83	+8	+5	+7
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	72	+9	+7	+15
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	72	+12	+8	+13
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	55	-1	-0	-3
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	43	+2	-1	-2
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	39	-3	-2	-8
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

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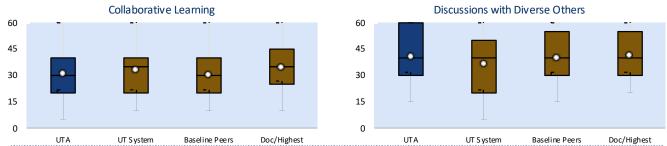
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Your first-year students comp							
	UT System			Baseline Peers		Doc/Highest		
		Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Collaborative Learning	33.0 **	16	30.5	.01	34.2 ***	25	••••	
Discussions with Diverse Others	36.5 ***	.24	39.9	.04	41.5	06		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and						
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT Sys	UT System Baseline Peers		Doc/Highest			
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			•••••				
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	52	ĺ	-2	+2			-5	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	52		-6		-2		-10	
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	44		-6	+0			-10	
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	47		-12	+0			-10	
Discussions with Diverse Others								
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with	•			•••••				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	74	+11			-1	ĺ	-2	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	70	+6			-1		-5	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	70	+8		+2	İ	(-3	
8d. People with political views other than your own	63	+5			-3		-4	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

The University of Texas at Arlington

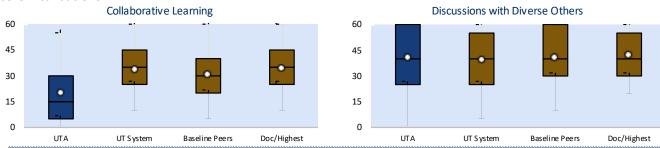
Learning with Peers: Seniors

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Your seniors compared with							
	UT System			Baseline Peers		Doc/Highest		
		Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Collaborative Learning	33.4 ***	88	30.6 ***	69	34.3 ***	99	~~~	
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.1 *	.07	40.7	02	41.7 ***	09		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

, , , , ,						
	Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors					
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%		_	_		
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	24	-21	-14	-24		
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	31	-27	-23	-32		
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	26	-23	-16	-25		
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	34	-33	-24	-34		
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	73	+3	-1	-3		
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	71	+2	-1	-4		
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	69	+1	+0	-4		
8d. People with political views other than your own	67	+4	+2	+1		

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Experiences with Faculty The University of Texas at Arlington

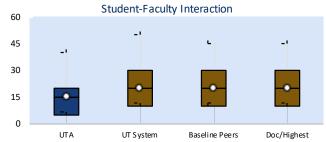
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

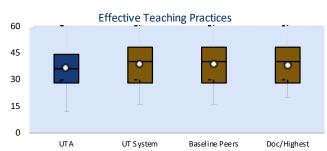
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Yo	our first-year student:	irst-year students compared with			
	UT System		Baseline	Peers	Doc/H	Doc/Highest	
		Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.1 ***	33	19.9 ***	33	20.2 ***	35	
Effective Teaching Practices	38.2 **	16	37.9 *	14	37.7 *	14	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference ^a between you	r FY students and
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	23	-13	-11	-11
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	12	-9	-7	-7
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	16	-7	-8	-8
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	18	-9	-10	-8
Effective Teaching Practices Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	71	-6	-4	-6
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	70	-5	-2	-6
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	70	-4	-1	-5
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	51	-7	-14	-8
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	50	-6	-8	-5

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty The University of Texas at Arlington

Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors com	pared with			
	UT Sy	stem	Baselin	e Peers	Doc/Hi	ghest	
		Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.9 ***	53	20.8 ***	47	23.1 ***	60	
Effective Teaching Practices	38.2	.03	38.3	.02	38.1	.04	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions

Student-Faculty Interaction

Effective Teaching Practices

UTA UT System Baseline Peers Doc/Highest UTA UT System Baseline Peers Doc/Highest

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores.

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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Perc	entage poi	int difference	^a between y	our seniors a	nd
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT Sy:	stem	Baselin	e Peers	Doc/Hi	ghest
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	24		-14		-12		-16
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	11		-14		-9		-16
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	15		-13		-10		-15
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	17		-13		-11		-12
Effective Teaching Practices Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have							
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	81	+3		+3)	+2	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	76	+2		+2)		-1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72		-3		-4		-5
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	54	1	-2		-2		-0
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	+6		+3	<u>) </u>	+5	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

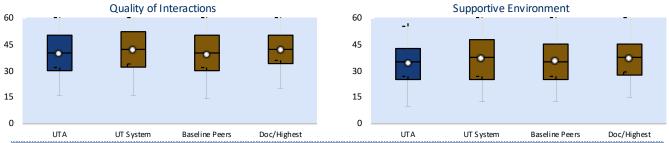
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		You	ır first-year studen	ts compared w	vith		
	UT Sy	stem	Baselir	ne Peers	Doc/H	ighest	~~~~~
		Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	41.1 *	14	39.0	.02	41.3 **	17	
Supportive Environment	36.9 ***	22	35.2	10	36.7 ***	22	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poin	t difference ^a between y	our FY students and
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	44	-3	+2	-7
13b. Academic advisors	41	-6	-3	-8
13c. Faculty	41	-5	-0	-4
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	38	-8	+1	-4
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	33	-10	-3	-4
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized			_	
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	74	-1	+2	-1
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	78	-1	+3	+3
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	66	+3	+3	+3
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	65	-5	-2	-8
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	66	-4	-2	-7
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	37	-9	-5	-4
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	53	-10	-3	-15
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	39	-11	_ -9	-13

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

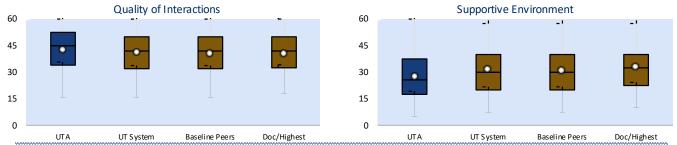
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors comp	ared with			
	UT Sy:	stem	Baseline	Peers	D	oc/Highest	
		Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	40.7 ***	.14	40.1 ***	.18	40.4	*** .18	
Supportive Environment	31.3 ***	24	30.6 ***	20	32.7	***36	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage _l	point difference ^a betwe	en your seniors and
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Baseline Peers	Doc/Highest
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from l ="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	58	+3	+8	+3
13b. Academic advisors	55	+12	+9	+11
13c. Faculty	54	+3	+6	+5
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	45	+6	+6	+7
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	46	+5	+9	+13
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized	•			
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	67	-0	+2	-1
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	58	-6	-5	-4
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	53	-1	-2	-2
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	51	-10	-8	-15
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	46	-11	-11	-19
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	27	-4	+0	-2
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	34	-14	-11	-25
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	29	-10	-10	-15

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions The University of Texas at Arlington

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year S	tudents			Your first-year student	ts compared with	
		UTA	NSSE To	op 50%	NSSE To	pp 10%
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size ✓
***************************************	Higher-Order Learning	35.7	38.9 ***	25	40.5 ***	36
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	32.4	36.5 ***	34	38.1 ***	47
Challenge	Learning Strategies	35.3	39.5 ***	30	41.6 ***	45
	Quantitative Reasoning	26.3	28.7 **	15	30.4 ***	26
Learning	Collaborative Learning	30.7	35.1 ***	32	37.2 ***	48
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	40.6	41.4	05 ✓	43.4 **	19
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	15.2	24.3 ***	61	27.2 ***	77
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	36.0	40.3 ***	33	42.0 ***	44
Campus	Quality of Interactions	39.3	43.9 ***	39	45.9 ***	54
Environment	Supportive Environment	33.8	37.9 ***	31	39.7 ***	45

Seniors				Your ser	niors compared with		
		UTA	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ,	√ Mean	Effect size	✓
	Higher-Order Learning	41.5	41.3	.01 、	✓ 42.5 **	07	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	36.1	39.6 ***	28	41.1 ***	41	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	41.8	40.2 ***	.11 、	✓ 42.4	04	✓
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.3	30.7 ***	15	32.7 ***	28	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	19.9	35.7 ***	-1.14	38.1 ***	-1.31	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	40.3	42.0 ***	11	43.8 ***	22	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	13.8	29.2 ***	98	33.3 ***	-1.24	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.7	41.1 ***	18	43.1 ***	32	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.6	44.4 ***	16	46.5 ***	32	
Environment	Supportive Environment	27.7	34.3 ***	48	36.4 ***	62	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2017 and 2018 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

 $b.\ Check\ marks\ are\ assigned\ to\ comparisons\ that\ are\ either\ significant\ and\ positive,\ or\ non-significant\ with\ an\ effect\ size > -.10.$



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	CS		Perce	ntile ^d sco	res		Co Deg. of		esults	.041115 .009144 .000182			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. f				
Academic Challenge	***************************************														
Higher-Order Learning															
UTA $(N = 392)$	35.7	13.4	.68	10	30	40	40	60							
UT System	37.3	14.0	.34	15	25	40	45	60	2,102	-1.6	.041	115			
Baseline Peers	37.6	13.5	.31	15	30	40	45	60	2,263	-1.9					
Doc/Highest	38.0	12.9	.09	20	30	40	45	60	21,422	-2.4					
Top 50%	38.9	13.1	.05	20	30	40	50	60	67,010	-3.3	.000	250			
Top 10%	40.5	13.3	.11	20	30	40	50	60	16,221	-4.8	.000	362			
Reflective & Integrative Learning															
UTA $(N = 427)$	32.4	12.3	.60	11	23	31	40	54							
UT System	33.6	12.4	.29	14	26	34	40	57	2,280	-1.2	.078	095			
Baseline Peers	35.0	12.2	.28	17	26	34	43	57	2,381	-2.5	.000	208			
Doc/Highest	35.0	11.8	.08	17	26	34	43	57	22,495	-2.6	.000	222			
Top 50%	36.5	11.8	.05	17	29	37	43	57	62,950	-4.0	.000	341			
Top 10%	38.1	12.0	.10	20	29	37	46	60	13,818	-5.6	.000	469			
Learning Strategies		~~~~~	~~~~~					•••••							
UTA $(N = 356)$	35.3	14.2	.75	13	27	33	47	60							
UT System	36.2	14.1	.35	13	27	33	47	60	1,964	9	.276	064			
Baseline Peers	37.8	13.9	.34	13	27	40	47	60	2,066	-2.4	.003	174			
Doc/Highest	37.6	13.6	.10	20	27	40	47	60	19,456	-2.2	.002	164			
Top 50%	39.5	13.7	.06	20	27	40	53	60	54,330	-4.2	.000	305			
Top 10%	41.6	14.1	.12	20	33	40	53	60	13,377	-6.3	.000	446			
Quantitative Reasoning	•···•		•••••												
UTA $(N = 368)$	26.3	15.7	.82	0	13	27	40	60							
UT System	27.7	15.7	.39	0	20	27	40	60	2,007	-1.4	.130	087			
Baseline Peers	27.5	15.5	.36	0	20	27	40	60	2,223	-1.2	.180	076			
Doc/Highest	28.6	15.1	.11	0	20	27	40	60	20,930	-2.3	.005	149			
Top 50%	28.7	15.2	.06	0	20	27	40	60	70,823	-2.3	.004	152			
Top 10%	30.4	15.3	.12	7	20	27	40	60	17,588	-4.0	.000	264			
Learning with Peers															
Collaborative Learning															
UTA $(N = 490)$	30.7	14.4	.65	5	20	30	40	60							
UT System	33.0	14.1	.32	10	20	35	40	60	2,470	-2.3	.001	161			
Baseline Peers	30.5	14.2	.31	10	20	30	40	60	2,547	.2	.795	.013			
Doc/Highest	34.2	14.0	.09	10	25	35	45	60	23,783	-3.5	.000	246			
Top 50%	35.1	13.6	.05	15	25	35	45	60	74,011	-4.4	.000	323			
Top 10%	37.2	13.6	.11	15	25	40	45	60	16,907	-6.5	.000	478			
Discussions with Diverse Others															
UTA (N = 361)	40.6	16.4	.86	15	30	40	60	60							
UT System	36.5	16.9	.42	5	20	40	50	60	1,985	4.1	.000	.243			
Baseline Peers	39.9	16.1	.39	15	30	40	55	60	2,088	.7	.447	.044			
Doc/Highest	41.5	14.7	.11	20	30	40	55	60	371	., 9	.320	059			
Top 50%	41.4	15.0	.06	15	30	40	55	60	364	8	.374	052			
Top 10%	43.4	14.8	.12	20	35	45	60	60	375	-2.8	.001	189			
Evneringes with Faculty							***********	***************************************			***************************************	***************************************			
Experiences with Faculty Student-Faculty Interaction															
UTA $(N = 405)$	15.2	13.1	.65	0	5	15	20	40							
UT System	20.1	15.0	.36	0	10	20	30	50	670	-4.8	.000	328			
O i Systemi	20.1	15.0	.50	U	10	20	30	50	070	-7.0	.000	520			



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	CS		Perce	ntile ^d sco	res		Deg. of	omparison r Mean	esults	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Baseline Peers	19.9	14.5	.33	0	10	20	30	45	632	-4.7	.000	330
Doc/Highest	20.2	14.2	.10	0	10	20	30	45	422	-5.0	.000	351
Top 50%	24.3	14.8	.07	5	15	20	35	55	414	-9.0	.000	609
Top 10%	27.2	15.8	.19	5	15	25	40	60	474	-12.0	.000	767
Effective Teaching Practices	······						************					
UTA $(N = 387)$	36.0	14.0	.71	12	28	36	44	60				
UT System	38.2	13.7	.33	16	28	40	48	60	2,089	-2.2	.004	162
Baseline Peers	37.9	13.4	.31	16	28	40	48	60	2,272	-1.9	.010	143
Doc/Highest	37.7	12.6	.09	20	28	40	48	60	398	-1.7	.017	137
Top 50%	40.3	13.1	.06	20	32	40	52	60	49,643	-4.3	.000	326
Top 10%	42.0	13.7	.12	20	32	40	52	60	13,158	-6.0	.000	436
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UTA $(N = 297)$	39.3	13.2	.77	16	30	40	50	60				
UT System	41.1	13.3	.34	16	32	42	52	60	1,818	-1.8	.031	137
Baseline Peers	39.0	13.4	.33	14	30	40	50	60	1,909	.3	.715	.023
Doc/Highest	41.3	11.9	.09	20	34	42	50	60	304	-2.0	.010	168
Top 50%	43.9	11.6	.06	22	38	46	52	60	300	-4.6	.000	393
Top 10%	45.9	12.1	.13	22	40	48	56	60	314	-6.6	.000	540
Supportive Environment					~~~~						~~~~~	
UTA $(N = 338)$	33.8	13.3	.73	10	25	35	43	55				
UT System	36.9	14.3	.36	13	25	38	48	60	1,897	-3.0	.000	216
Baseline Peers	35.2	13.9	.34	13	25	35	45	60	1,953	-1.3	.103	098
Doc/Highest	36.7	13.0	.10	15	28	38	45	60	18,552	-2.9	.000	221
Top 50%	37.9	13.2	.06	15	30	40	48	60	52,840	-4.1	.000	313
Top 10%	39.7	13.1	.12	18	30	40	50	60	12,943	-5.9	.000	446

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level El scores at or below which a given percentage of El scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	CS		Perce	ntile ^d sco	res		Co	mparison r	esults	
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effec size
Academic Challenge			J. 141						jiecuoiii		3/9:	
Higher-Order Learning												
UTA (N = 1981)	41.5	14.6	.33	15	35	40	55	60				
UT System	39.0	14.3	.22	15	30	40	50	60	6,075	2.5	.000	.17
Baseline Peers	39.0	14.3	.21	15	30	40	50		3,622	2.5	.000	.17
								60				
Doc/Highest	38.8	13.7	.06	15	30	40	50	60	2,134	2.7	.000	.19
Top 50%	41.3	13.5	.04	20	35	40	55	60	2,046	.2	.602	.01
Top 10%	42.5	13.6	.08	20	35	40	55	60	2,216	-1.0	.002	0′
Reflective & Integrative Learning										•	•••••	•••••
UTA $(N = 2107)$	36.1	12.7	.28	17	29	37	46	57				
UT System	35.8	13.1	.20	14	26	34	46	60	4,284	.3	.305	.02
Baseline Peers	36.6	13.0	.19	17	26	37	46	60	4,085	5	.160	0
Doc/Highest	37.0	12.5	.06	17	29	37	46	60	49,530	9	.001	0′
Top 50%	39.6	12.2	.04	20	31	40	49	60	1,04,256	-3.5	.000	28
Top 10%	41.1	12.2	.08	20	33	40	51	60	23,832	-5.0	.000	4
Learning Strategies						~~~~~		***************************************	•••••			
UTA $(N = 1832)$	41.8	14.5	.34	20	33	40	53	60				
UT System	37.6	14.7	.24	13	27	40	47	60	5,697	4.2	.000	.2
Baseline Peers	38.9	14.7	.22	13	27	40	53	60	6,145	2.9	.000	.1
Doc/Highest	37.1	14.5	.07	13	27	40	47	60	43,577	4.7	.000	.3
Top 50%	40.2	14.3	.04	20	27	40	53	60	1,10,759	1.6	.000	.1
Top 10%	42.4	14.2	.08	20	33	40	53	60	29,876	6	.066	0
Quantitative Reasoning			•···•			•••••						•••••
UTA $(N = 1893)$	28.3	16.1	.37	0	20	27	40	60				
UT System	28.7	16.2	.26	0	20	27	40	60	5,838	4	.346	0
Baseline Peers	29.1	16.5	.24	0	20	27	40	60	6,583	8	.072	0
Doc/Highest	30.6	16.1	.08	0	20	33	40	60	46,565	-2.3	.000	1
Top 50%	30.7	16.0	.04	0	20	33	40	60	1,43,202	-2.4	.000	1
Top 10%	32.7	15.7	.09	7	20	33	40	60	2,116	-4.4	.000	2
earning with Peers	•••••											
Collaborative Learning												
UTA $(N = 2203)$	19.9	17.3	.37	0	5	15	30	55				
UT System	33.4	14.3	.21	10	25	35	45	60	3,706	-13.5	.000	8
Baseline Peers	30.6	14.8	.21	5	20	30	40	60	3,651	-10.7	.000	6
Doc/Highest	34.3	14.5	.07	10	25	35	45	60	2,342	-14.5	.000	9
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.04	15	25	35	45	60	2,249	-15.8	.000	-1.1
Top 10%	38.1	13.5	.09	15	30	40	50	60	2,471	-18.2	.000	-1.3
Discussions with Diverse Others	•••••					•••••			•••••		************	
UTA $(N = 1848)$	40.3	18.2	.42	0	25	40	60	60				
UT System	39.1	17.3	.28	5	25	40	55	60	5,750	1.2	.018	.0
Baseline Peers	40.7	16.7	.25	10	30	40	60	60	3,250	4	.461	0
Doc/Highest	41.7	15.2	.07	20	30	40	55	60	1,962	-1.4	.001	0
Top 50%	42.0	15.6	.04	15	30	40	60	60	1,882	-1.7	.000	1
Top 10%	43.8	15.5	.08	20	35	45	60	60	1,991	-3.5	.000	2
xperiences with Faculty		***********			************		***************************************					
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UTA $(N = 2034)$	13.8	14.1	.31	0	5	10	20	40				
UT System	21.9	15.7	.24	0	10	20	30	55	4,444	-8.0	.000	52



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
								Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Baseline Peers	20.8	15.4	.22	0	10	20	30	55	4,170	-7.0	.000	466
Doc/Highest	23.1	15.4	.07	0	10	20	35	55	2,252	-9.2	.000	603
Top 50%	29.2	15.8	.07	5	20	30	40	60	2,217	-15.4	.000	979
Top 10%	33.3	16.1	.19	10	20	35	45	60	3,641	-19.5	.000	-1.240
Effective Teaching Practices				•••••					•••••		•••••	••••••
UTA $(N = 1962)$	38.7	15.0	.34	12	28	40	52	60				
UT System	38.2	14.4	.23	16	28	40	48	60	3,720	.5	.218	.034
Baseline Peers	38.3	14.1	.20	16	28	40	48	60	3,454	.3	.378	.024
Doc/Highest	38.1	13.3	.06	16	28	40	48	60	2,094	.5	.112	.041
Top 50%	41.1	13.6	.05	16	32	40	52	60	2,031	-2.4	.000	179
Top 10%	43.1	13.7	.10	20	36	44	56	60	2,317	-4.4	.000	318
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UTA $(N = 1403)$	42.6	13.9	.37	16	34	45	53	60				
UT System	40.7	13.1	.22	16	32	42	50	60	2,401	1.8	.000	.138
Baseline Peers	40.1	13.1	.21	16	32	42	50	60	2,339	2.5	.000	.185
Doc/Highest	40.4	12.1	.06	18	33	42	50	60	1,478	2.2	.000	.179
Top 50%	44.4	11.9	.04	22	38	46	54	60	1,441	-1.9	.000	155
Top 10%	46.5	12.3	.09	22	40	50	58	60	1,559	-3.9	.000	317
Supportive Environment					~~~~	***********				•••••	***************************************	************
UTA $(N = 1757)$	27.7	15.4	.37	5	18	26	38	60				
UT System	31.3	14.5	.24	8	20	30	40	58	3,259	-3.6	.000	241
Baseline Peers	30.6	14.4	.22	8	20	30	40	58	3,122	-2.9	.000	198
Doc/Highest	32.7	13.7	.07	10	23	33	40	58	1,880	-4.9	.000	358
Top 50%	34.3	13.7	.05	13	25	35	43	60	1,811	-6.6	.000	476
Top 10%	36.4	13.7	.10	13	28	38	45	60	2,031	-8.6	.000	622

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level El scores at or below which a given percentage of El scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.