

IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS

Where do I find information on the requirements?

https://www.uta.edu/academics/schoolscolleges/conhi/academics/undergradprograms/imm-prelic

Go to https://www.uta.edu/academics/schools-colleges/conhi/academics; Academic Program; Bachelor of Science in Nursing; Under Upper-Division Program Admissions Process click on "Pre-Licensure Nursing Immunization Requirements"

Immunization Requirements

What do I have to submit?

What is a titer?

- A titer is a blood test that measures your immunity to a disease.
 Get quantitative, IgG (NOT IgM) titers.
 Upload lab report.
- For more information visit website.

Test Name Result Flag Reference Range

Positive

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)69

Patient has immunity to hepatitis B virus.

This test was performed using the Siemens chemiluminescent method effective November 21, 2013. Quantitative values from the previous Ortho Vitros method should not be used interchangeably.

RUBELLA IMMUNE STATUS

RUBELLA ANTIBODY	(IGG)		3.89	
		Value		Interpretation
		< or =	0.90	Negative 🛕
		0.91-1	.09	Equivocal

> or = 1.10

The presence of rubella IgG antibody suggests immunization or past or current infection with rubella virus.

VARICELLA ZOSTER VIRUS ANTIBODY (IGG)

VARICELLA ZOSTER VIRUS ANTIBODY 1.5

Index Explanation of Result

index

mIU/mL

Not acceptable titer documentation

Immunization Exemptions

<u>ღ</u>				
Vaccine	Exemption	Expiration Date		
HEP B	Medical Immune	Indefinite		
HEP A	Medical Immune	Indefinite		
VARICELLA	Medical Immune	Indefinite		

LAST ITEM
DO NOT MAKE ENTRIES BELOW THIS BLOCK

Hepatitis B

Documentation of Series 3 Vaccinations

AND

Titer showing Immunity drawn no less than 28 days after most recent dose!!



I month after first

4-5 months after second

Test Name Result Flag

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)69

Patient has immunity to hepatitis B virus.

This test was performed using the Siemens chemiluminescent method effective November 21, 2013. Quantitative values from the previous Ortho Vitros method should not be used interchangeably.

Hepatitis B continued

Documentation of Heplisav-B Series 2 Vaccinations







month after first dose

Titer showing Immunity no less than 28 days after most recent dose!!

Test Name

Result

Flag

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)69

Patient has immunity to hepatitis B virus.

This test was performed using the Siemens chemiluminescent method effective November 21, 2013. Quantitative values from the previous Ortho Vitros method should not be used interchangeably.

Hepatitis B continued 2

- A negative antibody titer will be accepted for Hepatitis B if the following conditions are met.
 - Student has received 2 full series of Hepatitis B vaccine AND
 - Titer is drawn no less than 28 days after the last dose received.

Hepatitis A

Titer showing Immunity

no less than 28 days after most recent dose!!

Negative Antibody lab report and Documentation of Series



2 Vaccinations





6 months after first dose

Twinrix (Hepatitis A & B)

Documentation of Series 3 Vaccinations



Titer showing Immunity no less than 28 days after most recent dose!!

Test Name Result Flag

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIBODY (QUANT)69

Patient has immunity to hepatitis B virus.

This test was performed using the Siemens chemiluminescent method effective November 21, 2013. Quantitative values from the previous Ortho Vitros method should not be used interchangeably.

"Accelerated" Hep B or Twinrix

- ► The accelerated Hep B or Twinrix is a four (4) dose series which take 12 months to complete.
 - Dose 2 = 7 days after dose 1, Dose 3 = 21-30 days after dose 1, Dose 4 = 12 months after dose 1
- ► This will not be accepted by UTA CON <u>UNLESS</u> you have all 4 doses.

MMR (Measles, Mumps, Rubella)

Titer showing Immunity

RUBELLA IMMUNE STATUS

RUBELLA ANTIBODY (IGG)

Value
Interpretation
---< or = 0.90 Negative
0.91-1.09 Equivocal

MEASLES ANTIBODY (IGG)
MEASLES ANTIBODY (IGG)

1,99

Index Explanation of Test Results

< or = 0.90 Negative - No Rubeola (Measles) IgG
Antibody detected

0.91 - 1.09 Equivocal

> or = 1.10 Positive - Rubeola (Measles) IgG
Antibody detected

Positive results suggest recent or previous infection

MUMPS VIRUS ANTIBODY (IGG)

MUMPS VIRUS ANTIBODY (IGG) 2.55

Index Interpretation

< or = 0.90 Negative

0.91-1.09 Equivocal

> or = 1.10 Positive

Negative Antibody lab report and Documentation of Series





#2 no less than 28 days after first dose

Varicella (Chickenpox)

Titer showing Immunity

VARICELLA ZOSTER VIRUS ANTIBODY (IGG)

VARICELLA ZOSTER VIRUS ANTIBODY

Index	Explanation of Results
< or = 0.90	Negative - No VZV IgG Antibody detected
0,91 - 1,09	Equivocal
> or = 1.10	Positive - VZV IgG Antibody detected

has antibody to VZV but does not differentiate between infection (active or past) and vaccination. The clinical diagnosis must be interpreted in conjunction with the clinical signs and symptoms of . This assay reliably measures immunity due to previous infection but may not always be ensitive enough to detect antibodies induced by accination. Thus, a negative result in a vaccinated ndividual does not necessarily indicate eptibility to VZV infection.

Negative Antibody lab report and Documentation of Series



#2 no less than 28 days after first dose

Varicella (Chickenpox) 2

NOT

History of Chickenpox Disease



Tdap (not DPT, Dtap or Td)

1 Vaccination



If Tdap is 10+ years old:

Updated Tdap is required



Tuberculosis Screening (TB)

You should NOT complete TB testing until you are accepted to the Upper Division program!

Upon acceptance you will receive a deadline to receive and upload test results!

Tuberculosis Screening (TB) 2 Initial Screening

2 Skin Tests (PPDs) Within year

**Minimum of 7 days between tests

Blood Test

(Quantiferon or T-Spot)

Chest X-Ray Results

(with positive test only)



OR



OR



Influenza (Flu)

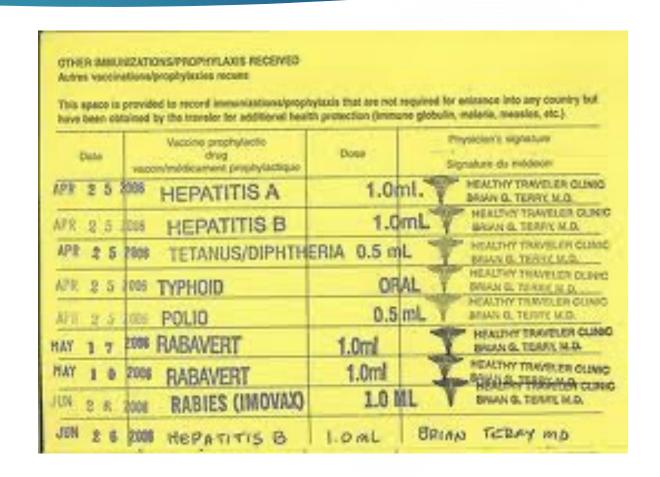
1 Vaccination annually



Only during flu season: September - March

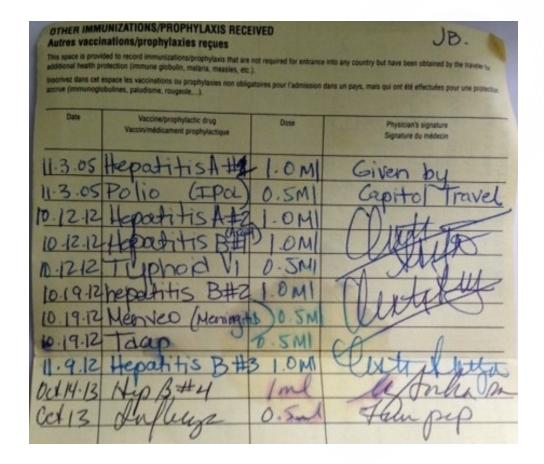
Documentation

This is acceptable documentation
IF it includes the student's name!



Good Documentation

IF it includes the student's name!



Not accepted Documentation

	T _{Date}	Date	Date	Date
POLIO Oral Type: (all ages) Injection;	8/10/6	59/23/69		
DPT SERIES & BOOSTER (infancy and preschool)	4-6-6	5-11-6	1565	
DT-every 3 years (school & adult ages)				
SMALLPOX—every 3-5 years (all ages)				
MEASLES Type: (infancy & preschool)				
OTHERS				
TUBERCULIN SKIN TEST Type: (all ages) Results:				1 3

The jet age brings communicable disease closer to every community. Smallpox, polio, diphthe (D), whooping cough (P), tetanus (T), and measles can be prevented by periodic immunization

Documentation 2

- We cannot accept records from a school district.
- Prescription forms are not accepted. Vaccines can be received at a pharmacy, but documentation must include administration information.
- The records must be original records of vaccine and must be signed or stamped by a physician.
- Documentation can be on clinic or doctor's letterhead.
- County Health Department records that include the date of vaccine, but not the lot number or administration information are accepted.

Deadline

All required immunizations and titers are expected to be complete at time of acceptance to the Upper Division program. This is March for Fall admissions and September for spring admissions.

You will <u>not</u> be allowed to start the Upper Division program until all requirements are met. Acceptance to the UD program is contingent upon your immunization clearance being complete.

- You may use any facility to get your vaccines and titers.
 - □ UTA Student Health Center
 - □ County Health Department
 - □ Doctor's Office
 - Pharmacy

Questions?

Email us at:

BSNImmunizations@uta.edu

You may send us a copy of your immunization records for review.